

# NEW ZEALAND

### ■ Contents:

- Information concerning the trademarks in force:
  - filed but not yet published
  - published in the Patent Office Journal
- Information concerning inactive trademarks (abandoned by applicant before registration, refused, expired, etc.)
- Status of marks is indicated under register heading in the field: Last official status received.
- The date of expiration is added when the trademark is registered ( 6 months minimum after the application). Since the Trade Mark Act 2002 came into force on the 20th August 2003, the term of protection in New Zealand is 10 years from the date of application. Renewal is possible in the 12 months preceding the date of expiration and during the 12 months following the expiration, it is possible to restore a trademark by using the same process of renewal (status « expired but restorable »). Under the old law, trademarks were protected for an initial period of 7 years, renewable for periods of 14 years.
- Since the Trade Mark Act 2002 came into force on the 20th August 2003, a single application may be filed to register a trademark in multiple classes on the basis of a single application. Under the old law, a single application could only be made on the basis of one class for each application.
- References to different publications (dates, number of gazettes and publication stages) are all grouped together in the field: History.

■ **Period Covered:** Oldest filing 1st February 1868

■ **Language of Goods and Services:** English

■ **Facsimile of Gazette:** No

■ **Frequency of Updating:** Monthly

■ **Source:** Intellectual Property Office of New Zealand (IPONZ)